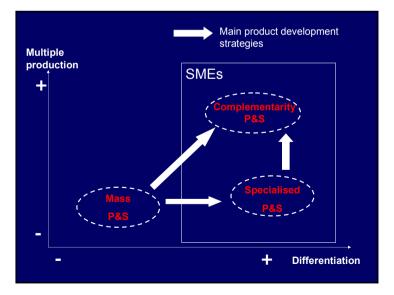
Almodovar, 11 December 2008

Workshop on the Valorization of the Mediterranean Forest Resources

# **NWFPs MARKETING:** THE ROLE OF NETWORKS

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# Outline

- NWFP&S classification:
  - Mass products and services
  - Specialized products and services
  - Complementary products and services
- The role of networks in complementary NWFP&S: a conceptual framework
  - 3 network typologies
- Conclusions

# 1. Mass products and services

Products and services that are **not differentiated**, for a large number of consumers



1



## Some examples: certified chestnuts

marron from Castel del Rio, marron from Mugello, chestnut from Monte Amiata, chestnut from Montella

### Certification under EU regulations

- Registration of Protected Designation of Origin (PDO) (Reg. 2081/92)
- Protected Geographical Indication (PGI)



 Traditional Speciality Guaranteed (TSG) (Reg. 2082/92)

Organic production (Reg. 2092/91 and IFOAM)

Marron from Mugello-Fano in Garfagnana



### 2. Specialized products and services

Typically products and services well differentiated, often available in relatively limited quantities (e.g. specialties like truffles) for a target market.

### Which marketing mix?

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2P

- **Products**: quality assurance, certification, packaging, links with a territory or/and a local tradition
   **4 Ps**
  - Price: selling system
  - Promotion: local association, e-marketing
  - Political power
  - Public support/participation



#### Fresh mushrooms class information for gatherers

#### **CLASS I:**

M. has to be whole, solid and without worms. Pores has to be white.

#### **CLASS II:**

M. has to be whole, solid and wormless. Pores has to be complete and yellowish or yellow.



M. has to be sliced in half. Pores has to be green. If pores are thick, half of them has to be taken off from their edges. In a rainy day, only the stem of the m. is included in class III.







## **Specialized products and services**

→good income opportunities for a single enterprise
 (= they give the possibility of premium prices)

Sometimes good links with a local natural resources, but often:

- seasonality
- exogenous investment
- no relevant impacts on the local economy
- specialized use of the forest resources (limited multi-functionality)

## 3. Complementary products and services

= those specialized NWFP&S that can be sold and used in strict association with other, due to the synergies deriving from their conjoint marketing.

Different links among products and services.



"Network: a mode of organization that can be used by managers or entrepreneurs to position their firms in a stronger competitive stance"

### Territory = "common denominator"



to create a consistent portfolio of products and services



to bundle marketing efforts for their coordinated promotion

#### www.umbriadoc.com -Willingness to 1 cooperate operators di l . THE TRUFFLE What is The Umbrian landscope is truffle the threshold of the year Umbrian traffle - The Eleck 2000, can see it just as it appeared to the iomans or to the Eruscans: in this gentle sumtryside, much of which is hilly, the wood is - Semmer "annetterne" - The Yolute an important element, rich in many fruits, -The White smong oblin the precious pit of the truffle - Production

back

What is a truffle?





### 4

## Chestnut: networking

Fairs, exhibitions, ...





- ... restoring old building ...
- ... research:

diseases, cultivation, graft and crown care
recovering of old chestnut orchards and transformation of

chestnut coppiceharvesting techniques





dilan Ayla

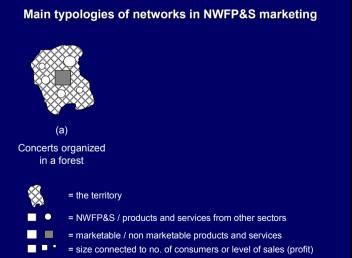
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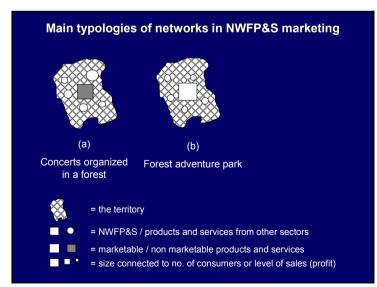


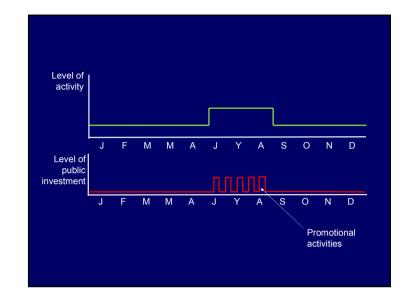
La *Strada del marrone* in Mugello (Tuscany)

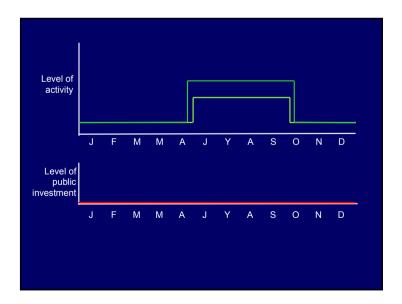


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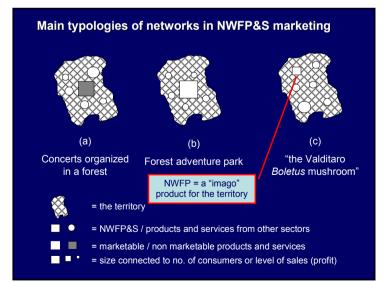






Sports in the forests









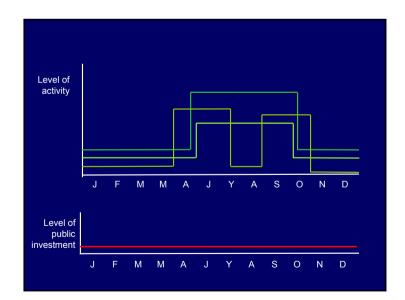
55 adventure parks in Italy













Networks are also dynamic: network growth can bring problems, conflicts and new risks, also because outcomes can have an asymmetric distribution among firms composing the network (Gulati, 1998)

Two components of the most advanced form of networks:

- A (contractual) coordination of economic agents for the supply of products and services to increase profit and/or stability (a market share)

- A mutual trust:

- ← input = social capital
- → output = not only market products are supplied but also "relational goods"